

The Londres 38 case progresses: 15 kidnappings and child abductions verified. Krassnoff has accumulated four-digit convictions and refuses to accept responsibility.



The **Judicial Power** reported that the minister in charge of human rights cases at the Santiago Court of Appeals, **Paola Plaza González**, has sentenced **Miguel Krassnoff Martchenko** to **20 years in prison** for his role as **the perpetrator** in the qualified kidnapping of **15** political prisoners, as well as for

the abduction of two minors. These offenses occurred between January and September of **1974** at the **Londres 38** detention center. Additionally, the ruling mandates civil compensation for the victims.

Krassnoff Sentenced at Londres 38: 20 Years for Kidnappings and Child Abduction

According to the [ruling](#) (Rol **75-2016**, notebooks A, B, and C), these events are tied to the actions of **DINA**, which carried out a repressive policy against opposition through **illegal detentions**, torture during interrogations, and forced disappearances at **Londres 38**, among other clandestine sites. The resolution details the victims and reaffirms Krassnoff's criminal responsibility.

Minister Paola Plaza sentenced Miguel Krassnoff to **20 years in prison** for the qualified kidnapping of 15 political prisoners and the **abduction of two minors** at the clandestine center **Londres 38**. With this ruling, the ex-DINA agent continues to **accumulate a lengthy criminal record** exceeding four digits. (Image source: Archivo La Nación, September 30, 1992).

Krassnoff: A Criminal Record Exceeding Four Digits

This new sentence adds to the numerous previous convictions of the former brigadier. Known as “**The Russian**”, Krassnoff is serving his sentences at **Punta Peuco** (now **Tiltil Penitentiary Center**), where he has **never acknowledged** his involvement in the crimes against humanity committed under DINA's

command. Despite his repeated convictions, he remains a **notorious symbol of systematic repression** during the military dictatorship; his **accumulated prison sentence exceeds a thousand years**.

Krassnoff receives an additional 20 years for his actions at Londres 38, further consolidating a criminal record that exceeds four digits.

Kast Visited Him in Punta Peuco; Kaiser Does Not Dismiss Pardon

[José Antonio Kast](#), the **presidential candidate of the Republican Party**, publicly acknowledged that he visited Miguel Krassnoff in Punta Peuco. According to [El Mostrador](#), he stated: “**I have been to Punta Peuco twice, and on one of those visits, I had the opportunity to meet him. He gifted me his book and presents his version of events. I know Miguel Krassnoff, and seeing him, I do not believe all the things said about him.**” Meanwhile, [Johannes Kaiser](#) (presidential candidate of the Libertarian National Party) has indicated that he **does not rule out** granting a pardon to Krassnoff should he come to power, a position that has drawn criticism from the Human Rights Institute (INDH) and human rights organizations.

Compensation and Human Rights Context

The ruling also includes **civil compensation** for the victims of the case and is part of investigations into human rights violations perpetrated by state agents during the dictatorship, with **Londres 38** identified as one of the primary centers for detention and torture.